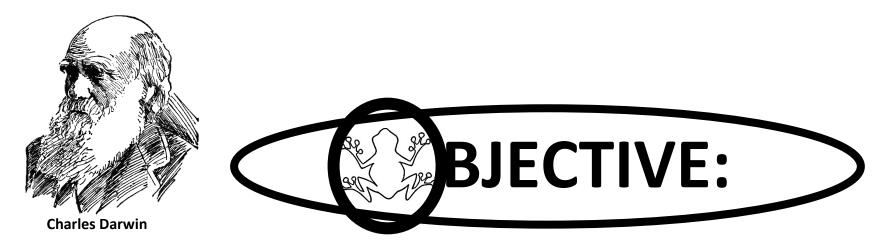


| Archaebacteria | Eubacteria | |
|--|--|--|
| Do not have nuclei, can be found in deep ocean vents All are single celled organisms (Extremophiles). Form yellow rings around hot springs where temperatures are 90 degrees Celsius (194 degrees F) | Do not have nuclei, some cause disease Escherichia coli (E. Coli) Prokaryotes that may be found in the human body All are single celled organisms | |
| Protista • All eukaryotes that are not plants, animals or fungi • Most are single celled organisms (Protozoans) • Algae • Mostly microscopic and live in water | Fungi • Break down materials outside their bodies and then absorb the nutrients • Mushrooms • Molds | |
| Plantae • Use sun's energy to make sugar • Usually green • Pine Trees | Animalia • Complex organisms with no cell walls • Have specialized sense organs | |

| | Yours Required | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Objective-Grade-Blanks | 10 | | |
| Calendar- Front + Back | 20 | | |
| Density of Liquid | 10 | | |
| Design a Barge | 10 | | |
| Float a Barge | 30 | | |
| Quizzes | 32 | | |
| What2Learn | 10 | | |
| Extra | | | |
| Total | 122 | | |
| Yours / Required X 100 = your % | | | |
| / X 100 = | % | | |
| Look up in the Gradebook% | | | |
| Better or Worse? | | | |
| | | | |



Demonstrate an understanding of the classification of living things and how natural selection results in the evolution of traits, or Change-Over-Time, by participating in, graphing the data of, and analyzing environmental change using simulations.