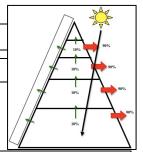
Energy Pyramid/Food Web Page 1 of 3 Name

Period

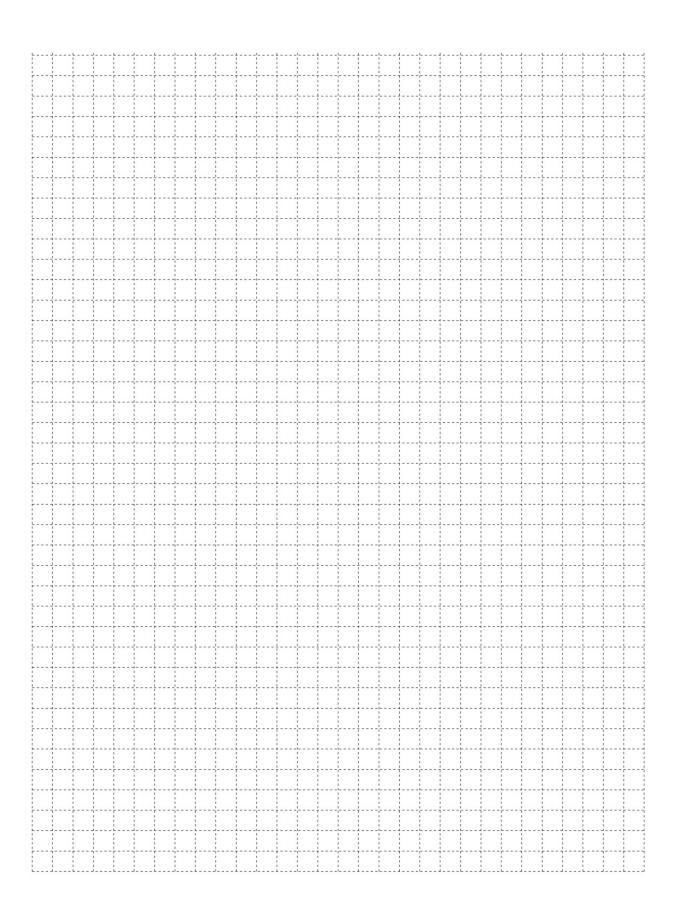
ENERGY PYRAMIDs show the available energy for each level of a food chain/web.

_About 10% of the energy in a level is available for the next level. _Most (about 90%) of the energy is transferred to other uses including heat given off during life and parts left to others, including decomposers.



A. PRODUCERS, or AUTOTROPHS, get energy from the sun through photosynthesis:

um eller				
1. Draw a PRODUCERS rectangular box on the lower part of the grid paper, 25 units (squares) X 20 X 1. Count!				
2. Color the area green (or cover with green paper) to represent the green chlorophyll of photosynthesis .				
3. Figure the Volume (V) of your rectangle. Show your measurements. L X w X h = V Producers Volume: X X =				
B. PRIMARY (1st) CONSUMERS get 10% of the producers' energy:				
4. Calculate the PRIMARY CONSUMERS Energy VOLUME by finding 10% (0.10) of the Producer Volume . Show your work. 0.10 X Producers Volume = Primary Consumer Volume X =				
5. Calculate the size of a PRIMARY CONSUMERS BOX by thinking of a length X width X 1 that will v equal your Primary Consumer Volume from above XX _1_ =				
6. Draw your PRIMARY CONSUMERS rectangle above the green PRODUCERS . Color blue.				
C. SECONDARY (2nd) CONSUMERS get 10% of the primary consumers' energy:				
8. Calculate the size of the Secondary CONSUMERS BOX by finding a length and width that multiply X 1 to give the volume you just calculated above = X X _1_ =				
9. Draw, using the grid to measure, your Secondary Consumers box above the previous level. Color red.				
D. TERTIARY (3rd) CONSUMERS:				
10. Calculate the TERTIARY CONSUMERS VOLUME as 10% of the previous level. X = Primary Secondary Consumer C				
11. Calculate the size of your Tertiary Consumers BOX. Draw. Color yellow.				
E. DECOMPOSERS use detritus (dead organisms, feces & other wastes) for energy & help recycle back to soil.				
12. Label an area beside your pyramid for DECOMPOSERS . They get energy from each level. We have no specific volume.				
III. Add ILLUSTRATIONS and LABELS:				
13. Cut out and use the ILLUSTRATIONS and LABELS from page 3 of this handout. Attach with flaps of tape. If you use glue, glue one edge (like a sticky note) so you can move when things get crowded!				
IV. Add a level for TOP CONSUMERS:				
14. Calculate 10%: Find length and height X 1: X =				
V. Food Web Arrows:				
15. Carefully draw one or two arrows for each level to show direction of energy transfer.				
VI. CHECK:				
16. COUNT and write the number of illustrations & labels you have by your name. Have Checked				



13. Cut out. Keep explanations attached to their images.

Use flaps of tape to attach each to your image, so you can rearrange as it gets crowded.

(If you have to use glue, use on one edge like a sticky note, so you can move if you need to.)

PRODUCERS

PRIMARY (1st) CONSUMERS

SECONDARY (2nd) CONSUMERS

TERTIARY (3rd) CONSUMERS



TOP CONSUMER

HETEROTROPHS

AUTOTROPHS

HERBIVORES

OMNIVORES

CARNIVORES

And... Symbiosis:

When organisms live together in a specific relationship;

Mutualism/Host

Both organisms benefit.

Parasite/Host

A parasite benefits. The host is harmed, but usually lives.



Clownfish is an OMNIVORE that lives in stinging tentacles of the Sea Anemone, a predator. The clownfish gets protection and leftovers for food.



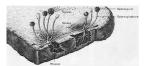








"Praying" mantises "prey insects. They look like they are "praying".



Bread mold is a fungus.









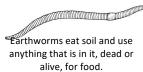




Phytoplankton are green, microscopic, plant-like and make food.



Green algae live in water, sometimes microscopic, and make







Crayfish eat animals

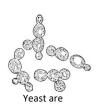
and plants, dead

and alive.

Place the sun outside of your Energy Pyramid, near

the Producers.

Mushrooms are fungi. Fungi are DECOMPOSERS, using waste and dead organisms for food.



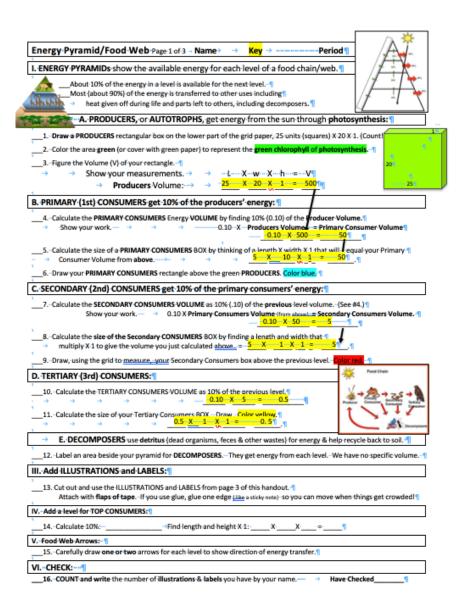
microscopic fungi.

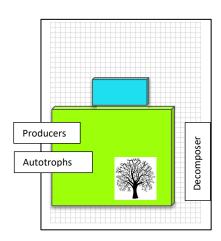
Bacteria are microscopic organisms found all over.. in soil and in other organisms. Humans have bacteria in mutualistic and in parasitic relationships. They can be DECOMPOSERS or even autotrophic.



Many types of worms are PARASITES of others. Parasitism is a type of SYMBIOSIS where the parasite benefits from living on or in an organism HOST. The host is harmed but usually not killed.

Name





Energy Pyramid/Food Web Page 1 of 3 Name	<mark>Key</mark>	Period	10%	
I. ENERGY PYRAMIDs show the available energy for each level of a food chain/web.				
About 10% of the energy in a level is available for the Most (about 90%) of the energy is transferred to othe heat given off during life and parts left to othe	her uses including	osers.	10%	
A. PRODUCERS, or AUTOTROPHS, get energy from the sun through photosynthesis:				
1. Draw a PRODUCERS rectangular box on the lower part of the grid paper, 25 units (squares) X 20 X 1. (Count!				
2. Color the area green (or cover with green paper) to represent the green chlorophyll of photosynthesis .				
3. Figure the Volume (V) of your rectangle. Show your measurements. Producers Volume:	l X w X h	= V = 500	20	
B. PRIMARY (1st) CONSUMERS get 10% of the produ	cers' energy:			
4. Calculate the PRIMARY CONSUMERS Energy VOLUME by finding 10% (0.10) of the Producer Volume . Show your work. 0.10 X Producers Volume = Primary Consumer Volume 0.10 X 500 = 50				
5. Calculate the size of a PRIMARY CONSUMERS BOX by thinking of a length X width X 1 that will equal your Primary Consumer Volume from above				
6. Draw your PRIMARY CONSUMERS rectangle above the green PRODUCERS . Color blue.				
C. SECONDARY (2nd) CONSUMERS get 10% of the primary consumers' energy:				
7. Calculate the SECONDARY CONSUMERS VOLUME as 10% (.10) of the previous level volume. (See #4.) Show your work. 0.10 X Primary Consumers Volume (from above) = Secondary Consumers Volume . 0.10 X 50 = 5				
8. Calculate the size of the Secondary CONSUMERS BOX by finding a length and width that multiply X 1 to give the volume you just calculated above = $\frac{5 \times 1 \times 1}{1 \times 1} = \frac{5}{1 \times 1}$.				
9. Draw, using the grid to measure, your Secondary Consun	ners box above the pr	evious level. Color r	ed.	
D. TERTIARY (3rd) CONSUMERS:			Food Chain	
10. Calculate the TERTIARY CONSUMERS VOLUME as 10% of 0.10	f the previous level. $ X = 5 = 0.5 $	Produc	Primary Consumer Consumer Consumer	
11. Calculate the size of your Tertiary Consumers BOX. Dra)	Decomposers	
E. DECOMPOSERS use detritus (dead organisms, fe	ces & other wastes) f	or energy & help rec	ycle back to soil.	
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