CENTRAL SUMMER SCHOOL SCIENCE: CHAPTER 22

INTERACTIONS QUIZ

Reference: Prentice Hall Life Science Text (PHLS):

Name

Interactions include all of the things organisms do to live survive and reproduce. A particular way of life, and environment, including interactions with others, make up an organism's **niche**.

Use the terms about reaction found in the outline at left to fill in the blanks on the right.

I. Interactions of Living Organisms:	1. A butterfly has what looks like eyes on its wings.	1
A. Competition (to reduce)	2. Protozoa live in the gut of termites and digest wood.	2
•	3. A wasp lays eggs on a caterpillar which then becomes	
B. Predation	food for the new wasps when they hatch.	3
1. Predator (adaptations)	4. Three types of birds live at different levels of a tree.	4
	5. A walking stick insect looks just like a stick.	5
2. Prey (adaptations)	6. A stink "bug" and a skunk give off a bad odor.	6
	7. The fruit & seeds of the dandelion blow with the wind.	7
C. Symbiosis	8. The roly-poly rolls into a ball and rolls away.	8
1. Mutualism	9. The clown fish gets protection from the sea anemone,	
	but seems to give nothing to the anemone.	9
2. Commensalism	10. Cleaner shrimp clean the fish gills. Shrimp get food.	10
	11. A tapeworm lives in a cat intestine & uses cat's food.	11
3. Parasitism	12. A bird lives in a tree, which is not damaged or helped.	12
a. Parasite	13. An organisms that lives on another, harms; doesn't kil	l.13
	14. The owl can move its head 270° to see around it.	14
b. Host	15. The cat that has the tapeworm.	15
	16. The thorns on a rose keep animals away.	16
	17. Ants care for aphids to get the sweet liquid thy make.	17
	18. A fungus causes rash of ringworm. Animal itches.	18
	19. Bees get food from flower; flower gets pollinated.	19
	20. Birds clean hippos of parasites; get food & protection	.20
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