Reference: Central Science → Life → Microbes → Protists: Euglena, Amoeba

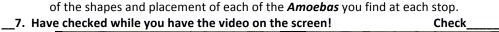
- ___1. Watch the video: Protists: Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium video.
- __2. Identify the 3 types of Protists and their pattern of movement. Since these are animal-like, they are also classified as protozoa. (pro- = first) (-zoa = animal) (zoo- = animal)
 - __a) *Euglena* have a **flagellum** or **whip** that pulls them through the water.

Euglena have green chloroplasts and can make food or eat food that is dissolved in water.

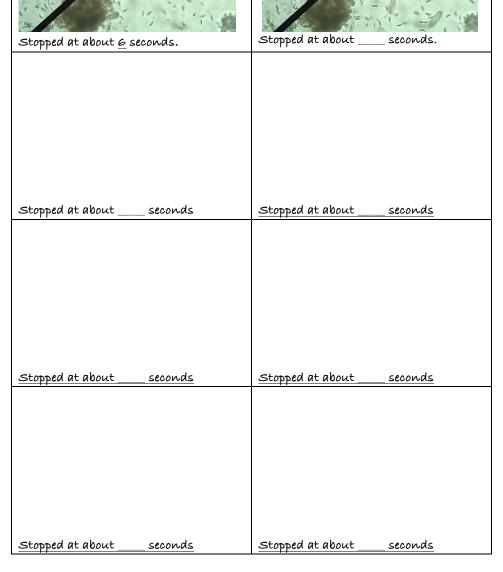
- __b) *Paramecium* have cilia or hairs all over their body that move them along.
- __c) Amoeba change their body shape by moving their cytoplasm to create new "legs" or pseudopodia "false feet". (pseudo = false) (-pod = foot or leg) (-ia = plural)
- __3. Stop the video at about 6 seconds to see the first image below.

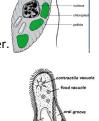
Protist: Movement

- __4. Use a sharp pencil to outline Archie the Amoeba. Take care to draw each pseudopod. Label 1.
- ___5. Draw each amoeba that you can identify in the frame. Label each with a number or name.
- __6. Stop the video at about every 50 seconds. Use scientific drawing rules to draw the outline drawings of the shapes and placement of each of the **Amoebas** you find at each stop.









Endoplam
Naries

Parudopode
antidiog

citle vacuole

Food vacuoles